AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 17, 2009 AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 14, 2009 AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 2, 2009

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2009-10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1340

Introduced by Assembly Members Bonnie Lowenthal and V. Manuel Perez

(Coauthor: Assembly Member Fletcher) (Coauthors: Senators Ducheny and DeSaulnier)

February 27, 2009

An act to amend Sections 3102, 3103, and 3103.5 of, and to add Sections 3103.6 and 3103.7 to, the Elections Code, relating to elections.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1340, as amended, Bonnie Lowenthal. Special absentee voters. Existing law provides that every voter, including a special absentee voter who is temporarily living outside of the United States or is called for military service within the United States, must return his or her ballot to the appropriate elections official by the close of the polls on election day to have that ballot counted.

This bill would give a special absentee voter who is temporarily living outside of the territorial limits of the United States or the District of Columbia, or who is called for military service within the United States on or after the final date to apply for a vote by mail ballot, 5 6 days after the election to return his or her ballot by mail to the appropriate elections official and have it counted. This bill would require an elections official, not later than 30 days following the certification of each election, to report to the Secretary of State information regarding

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the number of applications for absentee ballots, the number of absentee ballots delivered, and the number of absentee ballots received before and after election day. The Secretary of State would then have 45 days following the certification of the election to compile the information received and report to the appropriate policy committees of each house of the Legislature.

Because this bill would change the duties of elections officials, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 3102 of the Elections Code, as amended by Section 1 of Chapter 252 of the Statutes of 2008, is amended to read:
- 4 3102. (a) Applications for the ballots of special absentee voters 5 shall be received and, except as provided in Sections 3103.5 and 6 3103.6, the ballots shall be received and canvassed under the same 7 procedure as vote by mail ballots, insofar as that procedure is not 8 inconsistent with this chapter.
- 9 (b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2011, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2011, deletes or extends that date.
- SEC. 2. Section 3102 of the Elections Code, as amended by Section 2 of Chapter 252 of the Statutes of 2008, is amended to read:
- 3102. (a) Applications for the ballots of special absentee voters shall be received, and the ballots shall be received and canvassed under the same procedure as vote by mail ballots, insofar as that procedure is not inconsistent with this chapter.
 - (b) This section shall become operative January 1, 2011.

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SEC. 3. Section 3103 of the Elections Code, as amended by Section 3 of Chapter 252 of the Statutes of 2008, is amended to read:

- 3103. (a) Any application made pursuant to this chapter that is received by the elections official prior to the 60th day before the election shall be kept and processed on or after the 60th day before the election.
- (b) The elections official shall immediately send the voter a ballot in a form prescribed and provided by the Secretary of State. The elections official shall send with the ballot a list of all candidates who have qualified for the ballot by the 60th day before the election and a list of all measures that are to be submitted to the voters and on which the voter is qualified to vote. The voter shall be entitled to write in the name of any specific candidate seeking nomination or election to any office listed on the ballot.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 15341 or any other provision of law, any name written upon a ballot for a particular office pursuant to subdivision (b) shall be counted for the office or nomination, providing the candidate whose name has been written on the ballot has, as of the date of the election, qualified to have his or her name placed on the ballot for the office, or has qualified as a write-in candidate for the office.
- (d) Except as provided in Sections 3103.5 and 3103.6, the elections official shall receive and canvass special absentee voter ballots described in this section under the same procedure as vote by mail ballots, insofar as that procedure is not inconsistent with this section.
- (e) In the event that a voter executes a special absentee ballot pursuant to this section and an application for a vote by mail ballot pursuant to Section 3101, the elections official shall cancel the voter's permanent vote by mail status, and process the application in accordance with Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 3000).
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a special absentee voter who qualifies pursuant to this section may, by facsimile transmission, register to vote and apply for a special absentee ballot or a vote by mail ballot. Upon request, the elections official may send to the qualified special absentee voter either by mail, facsimile, or electronic transmission the special absentee ballot or, if available, a vote by mail ballot pursuant to Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 3000).

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(g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2011, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2011, deletes or extends that date.

SEC. 4. Section 3103.5 of the Elections Code is amended to read:

3103.5. (a) (1) A special absentee voter who is temporarily living outside of the territorial limits of the United States or the District of Columbia, or is called for military service within the United States on or after the final date to make application for a special absentee ballot or a vote by mail ballot, may return his or her ballot by facsimile transmission. To be counted, the ballot returned by facsimile transmission must be received by the voter's elections official no later than the closing of the polls on election day and must be accompanied by an identification envelope containing all of the information required by Section 3011 and an oath of voter declaration in substantially the following form:

OATH OF VOTER

I,	, acknowledge	that by ret	urning my voted
ballot by facsimile transmikept secret. Nevertheless,	ission I have waived my	right to h	ave my ballot
voter, my signature, wheth envelope, will be permane	ner on this oath of voter	form or m	y identification
its secrecy at the outset of	the tabulation process a	and thereaf	ter.
My residence address is _	(Street Address)	(City)	(ZID Code)
My current mailing address			
My e-mail address is		acsimile tra	nsmission
I am a resident ofapplied, nor intend to apply for the same election.			

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L	i declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Camornia			
2	that the foregoing is true and correct.			
3				
1	Dated this day of, 20			
5				
5	(Signature)			
7	Voter (Power of Attorney Cannot be Accepted)			

YOUR BALLOT CANNOT BE COUNTED UNLESS YOU SIGN THE ABOVE OATH AND INCLUDE IT WITH YOUR BALLOT AND IDENTIFICATION ENVELOPE, ALL OF WHICH ARE RETURNED BY FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION.

- (2) Notwithstanding the voter's waiver of the right to a secret ballot, each elections official shall adopt appropriate procedures to protect the secrecy of ballots returned by facsimile transmission.
- (3) Upon receipt of a ballot returned by facsimile transmission, the elections official shall determine the voter's eligibility to vote by comparing the signature on the return information with the signature on the voter's affidavit of registration. The ballot shall be duplicated and all materials preserved according to procedures set forth in this code.
- (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), a special absentee voter who is permitted to return his or her ballot by facsimile transmission is, nonetheless, encouraged to return his or her ballot by mail or in person if possible. A special absentee voter should return a ballot by facsimile transmission only if doing so is necessary for the ballot to be received before the close of polls on election day.
- (b) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2011, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2011, deletes or extends that date.
- SEC. 5. Section 3103.6 is added to the Elections Code, to read: 3103.6. A special absentee voter who is temporarily living outside of the territorial limits of the United States or the District of Columbia, or is called for military service within the United States on or after the final date to make application for a vote by mail ballot, may return his or her ballot by mail. To be counted, the ballot shall meet both of the following criteria:
 - (a) Be postmarked on or before election day.

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(b) Be received by the voter's county elections official on or 2 before the fifth sixth day following the election.

- SEC. 6. Section 3103.7 is added to the Elections Code, to read: 3103.7. (a) Not later than 30 days following the certification of an election held within his or her jurisdiction, an elections official shall report to the Secretary of State all of the following regarding special absentee voters, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 300:
- (1) The total number of special absentee ballots for which an application was received for the election, including those with permanent vote by mail status.
- (2) The total number of special absentee ballots delivered by the elections official for the election.
- (3) The total number of voted special absentee ballots received by the elections official for the election.
- (4) The total number of voted special absentee ballots received by the elections official for the election prior to 8 p.m. on election day.
- (5) The total number of voted special absentee ballots received by the elections official for the election after 8 p.m. on election day but before the fifth through the sixth day following the election.
- (6) The total number of voted special absentee ballots received by the elections official for the election on and after the fifth sixth day following the election.
- (7) The total number of voted special absentee ballots received by the elections official for the election that were not postmarked on or before election day.
- (b) Not later than 60 days following the certification of the election, the Secretary of State shall compile the information reported pursuant to subdivision (a) and report to the appropriate policy committees of each house of the Legislature. The report by the Secretary of State shall include the reported totals for each affected jurisdiction as well as statewide totals, whenever applicable.
- 35 SEC. 7. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that 36 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to 37 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

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- pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division
 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.